





#### **AES67 and SMPTE 2110-30**

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## Topics for Discussion:

- Migration to IP birth of ST 2110
- Importance of Standards
- AES67
- AES67 Compared to ST 2110-30
- ST 2110-30 Compared to DANTE AES67

#### What is the Goal in moving to IP?

Move workflows of a Broadcast Ecosystem, for Television and live events to an IP based system:

- More flexibility to Production Teams:
  - Decrease the time of implementation of new systems (less cabling)
  - Decentralize placing components where they are required
  - Allow easy routing of signals without the need for changes in cabling
  - Simplify operations via workflow automation
  - All different systems integrated in one user interface (no more dedicated user interfaces)
  - Adaptable Workflows
  - Improve the relation between cost, efficiency and systems flows



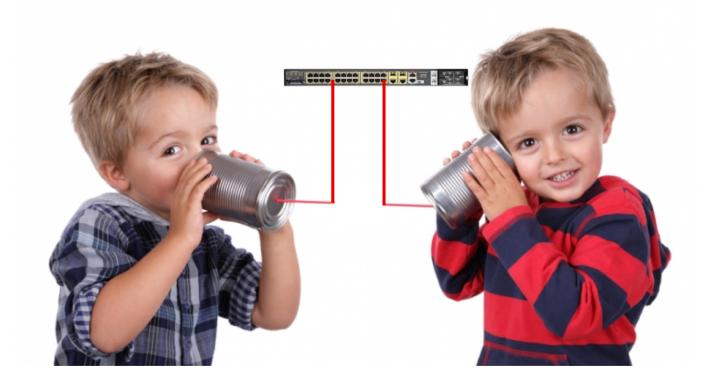
#### Migrating to IP is easy.....



Take This....

Add This....

## Migration complete....?



## Move to AoIP – Many Choices









#### Always look for commonality thru industry standards

- Open to all MFG's
- No cost of entry
- Interoperability between products

Not only Commonality of Audio Devices









## Choosing one standard for entire workflow

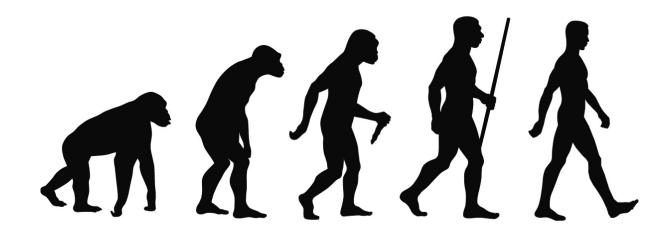


#### Importance of SMPTE 2110

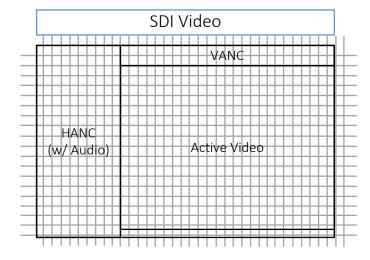
- Works on Layer 3 OSI
- Uses COTS Hardware\*\*
- Standard for entire Broadcast Production
  - Video
  - Audio
  - Ancillary Data

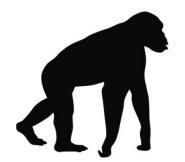


Taking a walk through the evolution of ST 2110



SDI





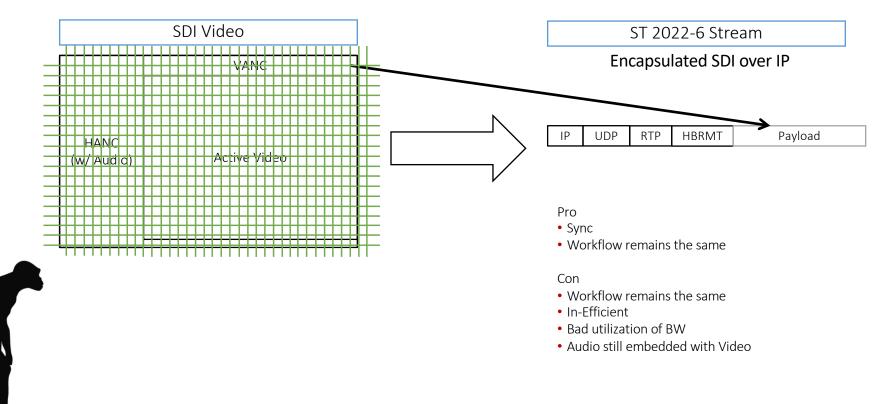
#### Pro

- Audio and Video always in Sync
- Deterministic
- East to trouble shoot

#### Con

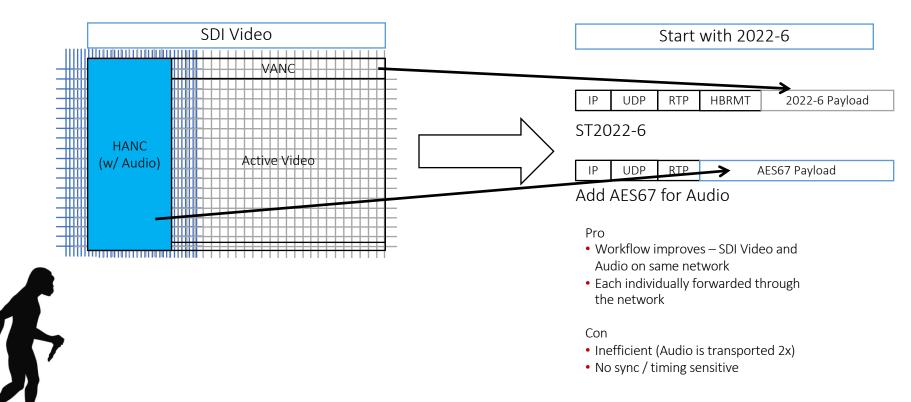
- Audio and Video multiplexed
- Extra overhead used in H/V Blanking

#### SMPTE 2022-6

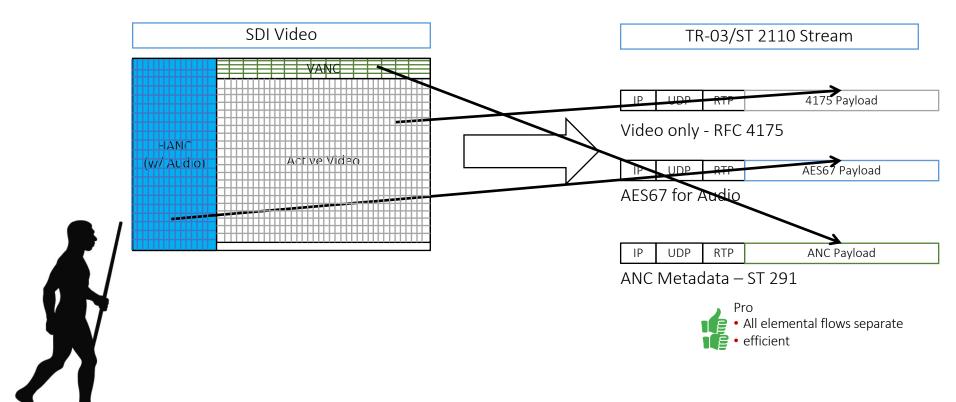


Good gateway technology and for WAN transport

#### TR-04

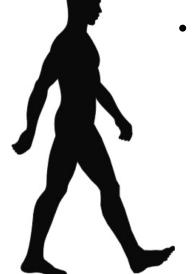


#### TR-03 / SMPTE 2110



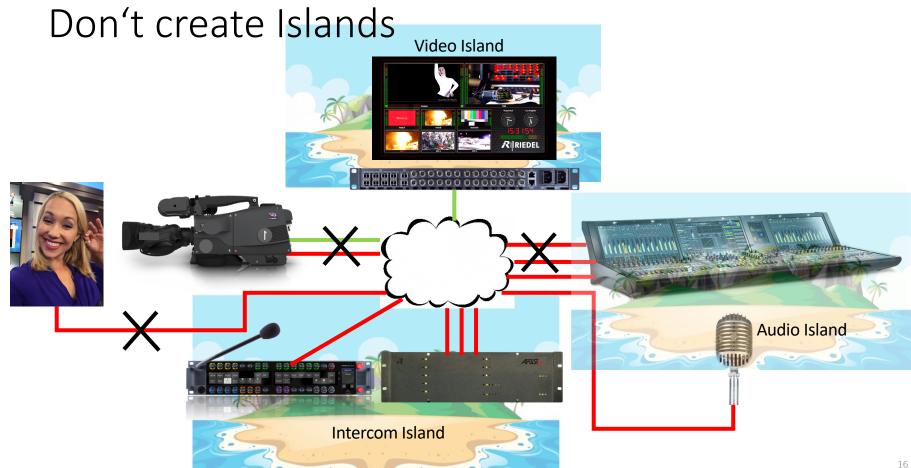
#### **SMPTE 2110**

- VSF TR-03 → SMPTE 2110
  - Separates all elements into individual streams
  - Video → RFC 4175 ST 2110-20
  - Audio AES67 ST 2110-30
  - ANC Metadata ST 291 ST 2110-40
  - SMPTE 2059 (PTP-1588v2) for synchronization ST 2110-10

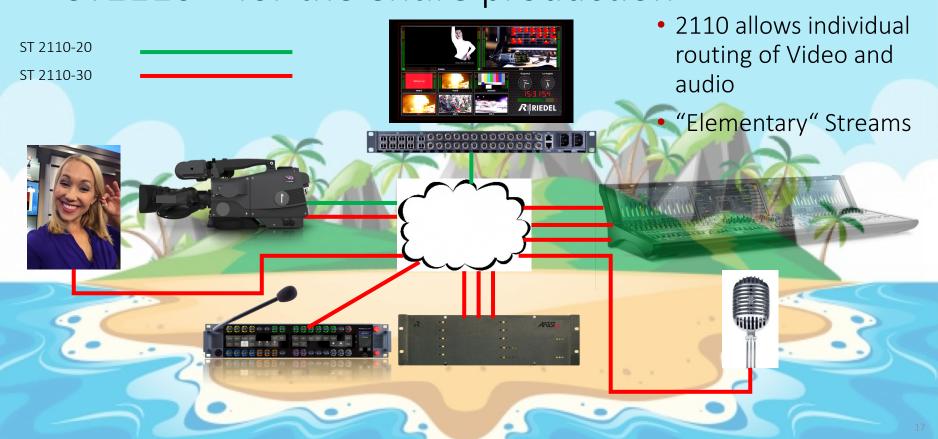


MS	RFC 4175Payload	RTP	UDP	IPv4		
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TE 2	AES67 Payload	RTP	UDP	IPv4		
0						
59	ANC Payload	RTP	UDP	IPv4		
	_					

**SMPTE 2110** 



## ST2110 – for the entire production



#### SMPTE 2110 – Professional Media over Managed IP Networks



• 2110-10: System Timing and Definitions



• 2110-20: Uncompressed active video



• 2110-21: Traffic Shaping and Delivery Timing for Uncompressed/Active Video



**◄**) • 2110-30: PCM Digital Audio



• 2110-31: AES3 Transparent Transport



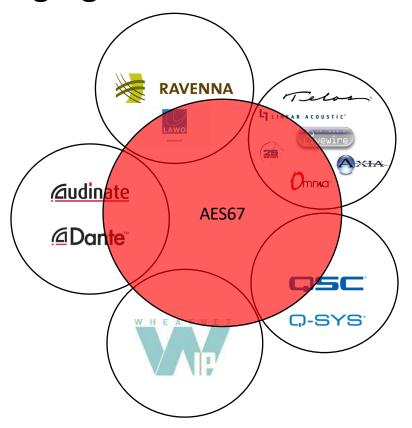
• 2110-40: Transport of SMPTE Ancillary Data



# AES67



#### Purpose – Bridging current AoIP technologies



#### Open Standard

- AES67:
  - Created by AES in 2013
  - Broadcast Radio and Broadcast Audio
  - Layer 3
  - Uses existing protocols
  - Typical latency of 6ms
  - 48 kHz 16 or 24 bits
  - SIP
  - Use PTPv2
  - Can be Unicast and Multicast
  - Can use corporate networks
  - It's a 1Gb network
  - In large quantities of audio channels, QoS and IGMP is necessary

# AES67 vs ST 2110-30





#### ST 2110-30 (AES67 Constraints)

	AES67	ST 2110-30	
PTP version	IEEE1588-2008 (PTPv2)	IEEE1588-2008 (PTPv2)	
PTP Profile	Default or Media Profile	ST-2059-2: Media Profile only (Message rates of 4/s)	
Media Clock Offset	Should be random	Must be zero	
PTP Master/Slave	Master or Slave	Must be configurable for SLAVE ONLY MODE (used when ever a grand master is specified)	
Bit Depth	16 bit or 24 bit	ONLY 24 bit	
Connection Management	SIP for Unicast	Nothing Defined but manual connection must be possible	
Transport	Unicast or Multicast	Multicast only	
Payload and Packet Time	<ul> <li>1-8 Channels, 1ms, @48kHz mandatory</li> <li>all other possibilities allowed</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Level A(x): 1-8 Channels, 1ms, @48/(96) kHz</li> <li>Level B(x): 1-8 Channels, 0.125ms, @48/(96) kHz</li> <li>Level C(x): 1-64 Channels, 0.125 ms, @48/(96) kHz</li> </ul>	

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#### Dante AES67 compared to ST 2110-30

	ST 2110-30	Dante – AES67	Comments
PTP version	PTPv2 ST-2059-2	PTPv2 AND PTPv1	Dante Aes67 uses PTPv2 but the device also needs to receive PTPv1. Works, when the Switch also passes PTPv1
Multicast IP Address	Any address from 239.0.0.1- 239.255.255.255	Only addresses that are defined in the Scope within Dante controller.	Works, when SMPTE 2110 Device streams in the scope defined by Dante
PTP Master/Slave	Must be configurable for SLAVE ONLY MODE (used when ever a grand master is specified)	Master/Slave. No Slave only	Must be configurable for SLAVE ONLY MODE (used when ever a grand master is specified)
Bit Depth	24 bit Only	24 bit Only	
Connection Management	Nothing Defined but manual connection must be possible	SAP Discovery. No manual configuration possible	Requires 3 <sup>rd</sup> party software
Payload and Packet Time	<ul> <li>Level A(x): 1-8 Channels, 1ms, @48/(96) kHz</li> <li>Level B(x): 1-8 Channels, 0.125ms, @48/(96) kHz</li> <li>Level C(x): 1-64 Channels, 0.125 ms, @48/(96) kHz</li> </ul>	• 1-8 Channels, 1ms, @48kHz only	Dante only supports one configuration. Works, when the SMPTE device receives in 48kHz, 24bit, 1ms, up to 8 Channels. Senders require SAP for Discovery

## Don't be scared!

Help is on the way!



#### Announced at NAB!



# NEWS AT NAB 2018: Audinate to Support SMPTE ST-2110 Across Dante Platform



LAS VEGAS, NV, April 5, 2018 – Audinate, developer of the industry-leading Dante® media networking technology, today announced plans to support SMPTE ST-2110 in the Dante platform by the end of 2018. SMPTE ST-2110 is a new suite of standards developed by the Society of Motion Picture and Television Engineers to support real-time media network distribution using IP networking technology. The update will include support for a number of relevant standards, including SMPTE ST-2110-10, 2110-30, and 2059-2.

When released, the SMPTE 2110 feature will be enabled through the Dante Domain Manager software platform and firmware updates for Dante IP Core, Dante HC, Dante Brooklyn II and Dante Ultimo. These Dante technologies are



## Make certain Interoperability is achievable

 Just because two devices state they are AES67 does not assure interoperability

• If two devices state ST 2110-30

• Interoperability =



## Thank You

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